Chico I.S.D.

2015-2016

STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

"A COMMITMENT TO EXCELLENCE"

ADOPTED BY THE CHICO ISD BOARD OF TRUSTEES JULY 30, 2015

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^{*}Definitions of offenses and other key terms are available upon request from the campus principal or the superintendent.

Purpose of a Student Code of Conduct ____

The Student Code of Conduct that follows is the District's response to the requirements of Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code. The law requires the District to establish standards of student conduct and to identify the circumstances under which a student may be removed from a school bus or any vehicle owned or operated by the District, classroom, campus, or disciplinary alternative education program, transferred to a disciplinary alternative education program, suspended, or expelled. The Code provides information to parents and students regarding expectations for behavior, consequences of misconduct, and procedures for administering discipline.

We provide you a copy of or access to the Code annually; a copy is also available for review in the principal's office of each campus in the District. The Code is posted on the District's website www.chico.k12.tx.us and can be accessed or printed at any time from that site. If you do not have access to a computer, the principal's office at your child's campus will print one for you, upon request.

This Code is not a contract and can be amended by the District at any time. However, any change or amendment to the Code will be approved by the Board of Trustees.

Violations of the Code of Conduct are documented by teachers and other professional employees using campus discipline referral forms.

Teachers and principals may impose campus or classroom rules in addition to those found in the Student Code of Conduct. These rules may be posted in classrooms or given to the student and may or may not also constitute violations of the Student Code of Conduct.

Expectations for Student Behavior

Each student is expected to:

- Demonstrate courtesy and respect for others.
- Behave in a responsible manner.
- Attend all classes, regularly and on time.
- Be prepared for each class; take appropriate materials and assignments to class.
- Be groomed and dressed appropriately, as articulated in the Chico ISD student handbook.
- Obey all campus and classroom rules.
- Respect the rights and privileges of other students and of teachers and other District staff.
- Respect the property of others, including District property and facilities.
- Cooperate with or assist the school staff in maintaining safety, order and discipline.
- Avoid violations of the Student Code of Conduct.

General Authority to Impose Discipline _____

The Texas Legislature has delegated the authority to manage independent school districts and discipline students to the Board of Trustees and its employees. The school has the authority to administer discipline whenever the interest of the school is involved, on or off school property, in conjunction with or independent of classes and school-sponsored activities. The District's disciplinary authority applies:

- during the regular school day and while the student is going to and from school on District transportation;
- anytime the student is traveling on a school bus or any other vehicle owned or operated by the school district for a school-related activity;
- on or within 300 feet of school property;
- while the student is participating in any activity during the school day on school grounds;
- during lunch (whether on or off school campus);
- while the student is in attendance at any school-related activity of the District, regardless of time or location;
- while the student is on school property of another Texas school district or attending a school activity of a school in another Texas school district;
- for any school-related misconduct, regardless of time or location;
- when the student retaliates or threatens retaliation against a school employee, regardless of time and location;
- when the district has a reasonable belief that the student has engaged in conduct that would be punishable as a felony, as provided by Texas Education Code 37.006;
- when the student is involved in criminal mischief on or off school property or at a school-related event;
- when the student makes a false alarm or report of bombing, fire, or other emergency involving a public school, regardless of time or location;
- when the student makes a terroristic threat involving a public school, regardless of time or location; and
- when the student commits aggravated robbery against another student, regardless of time or location.

All District facilities, any other real property that is owned, rented, or leased by the District, and the area within 1,000 feet of any of those facilities is a **gangfree zone** under state law. The penalties from the juvenile or criminal justice

systems for certain organized criminal activity occurring within a "gang-free zone" will be enhanced.

Discipline of Students with Disabilities __

Federal law regarding the education of students with disabilities (IDIEA and Section 504) imposes specific procedures and limitations on the discipline of students with disabilities. For further information on this topic, please contact the principal, who will direct you to special education staff, or Carla White at the Wise County Shared Services Cooperative in Bridgeport, Texas. Information is also available to parents of students with disabilities in the "Explanation of Rights and Procedural Safeguards of a Parent with a Child with Disabilities in School," which is provided to parents at the time of admission to special education and annually, upon initial referral, upon request for an evaluation, upon the filing of a request for a special education due process hearing, or upon request by a parent.

Prohibited Conduct

A significant part of the district's educational mission is to inculcate or instill the habits and manners of civility and to teach students the boundaries of socially appropriate behavior. In furtherance of this mission, students will be subject to disciplinary consequences if they engage in any of the following prohibited conduct while they are subject to the school's jurisdiction as described in this Code of Conduct:

- 1. Scholastic dishonesty, which includes, but is not limited to, cheating on a test or any other assignment, plagiarism, or unauthorized collaboration with another person in preparing written work or any other assignment for which a grade is awarded
- 2. Conduct that can cause injury to person or property
- 3. Leaving classrooms, school grounds, or school-sponsored events without permission
- 4. Using profanity, lewd or vulgar language, or obscene gestures
- 5. Scuffling or fighting or other inappropriate physical contact that does not meet the definition of simple assault
- 6. Stealing
- 7. Lying about the conduct of other students or making false accusations about district employees
- 8. Disobeying school rules about conduct on school buses
- 9. Failing to comply with reasonable directives given by school personnel
- 10. Failing to comply with campus or district policies
- 11. Bullying or harassment, which may include the following offenses:
 - a. Engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that occurs on school property,

- at a school-sponsored or school-related activity, or in a vehicle operated by the district that has or will have the effect of physically harming a student, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property
- b. Committing extortion (obtaining money or other property by force or threat from an unwilling person), coercion, or blackmail, or forcing an individual to act through the use of force or threat of force
- c. Making ethnic, racial, or religious slurs or any other harassment based on race, color, national origin, religion, or disability
- d. Verbal abuse or derogatory or offensive remarks addressed to others
- e. Damaging or vandalizing property of other students
- f. Conduct that constitutes sexual harassment or sexual abuse whether the conduct is by word, gesture, or any other sexual conduct, including without limit, requests for sexual favors
- g. Dating violence, meaning the intentional use of physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in, or who has been in the past in, a dating relationship with the perpetrator, or because of the victim's marriage to or dating relationship with a person with whom the perpetrator is or has been in a dating relationship or marriage.
- 12. Making a hit list, i.e., a list of people targeted to be harmed using a firearm, knife, or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm
- 13. Harassing or threatening school employees or volunteers through inappropriate, offensive, or sexually explicit or suggestive comments made orally in person or by telephone or in writing through letters, emails, text messages, journals, or in any other way
- 14. Committing or assisting in a robbery, theft, or burglary
- 15. Any conduct that gives school officials reasonable cause to believe that the conduct will substantially disrupt the school program or incite violence
- 16. Damaging or vandalizing district property or property of any school employee or volunteer
- 17. Possessing stereo head sets, CD players, cassette players, MP3 players, iPods, electronic games, or any other contraband entertainment device without permission
- 18. Possessing or displaying sexually explicit photographs, films, or images
- 19. Possessing a paging device, cellular telephone, camera telephone, handheld computer or PDA, voice or video recording device, or a similar device without permission

- 20. Using a paging device, cellular telephone, camera telephone, hand-held computer or PDA, voice or video recording device, or a similar device without permission or in any way, such as recording a voice or image, that invades the privacy of others or without the consent of those being recorded.
- 21. Using or possessing a Taser, stun-gun, or similar device
- 22. Using or possessing a pellet gun, air-powered rifle, toy gun, or any other instrument that may be perceived by another person as a firearm
- 23. Using or exhibiting school supplies (i.e., pencils, pens, scissors, etc.), or any other item in a manner that threatens to inflict or actually inflicts bodily harm to another person
- 24. Possessing drug paraphernalia (roach clips, rolling papers, needles, baggies with residue, razor blades, pipes, etc.)
- 25. Possessing or using martial arts objects (such as shurikan [throwing stars], nunchakus ["nun-chucks"], tonfa [wooden weapon], staff, baton [short stick], bolo [long cord with weights at end])
- 26. Possessing or using fireworks of any kind, smoke or stink bombs, or any other pyrotechnic device
- 27. Inappropriate or offensive physical or sexual contact, whether or not it is consensual, e.g., public displays of affection
- 28.Inappropriate exposure of a student's body parts, including exposure of any portions of the body that are ordinarily covered by clothing or required to be covered by the dress code
- 29. Behaving in any way that disrupts the school environment or educational process
- 30. Possessing, smoking, or using tobacco products
- 31. Possessing, smoking, or using tobacco-substitutes or non-tobacco smoking products, including e-cigarettes or non-tobacco nicotine-delivery products or accessories and any other substance that is intended to or does result in a student's being "under the influence" of the substance, as that term is defined in this Student Code of Conduct
- 32. Possessing or using matches or a lighter
- 33. **Possessing or using a knife with a blade greater than 4 inches or more.
- 34. Truancy, i.e., skipping school or cutting class without the parent's or school's knowledge or permission
- 35. Possessing, distributing, or using any substance represented to be an illegal drug, a dangerous drug, a controlled substance, or alcohol
- 36. Violating computer or acceptable use policies, rules, or agreements
- 37. Gambling of any kind

- 38. Violating safety rules
- 39. Violating dress or grooming standards
- 40. Being a member of, pledging to become a member of, or soliciting another person to join or pledge a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang
- 41. Gang-related behavior or activity
- 42. Attempting to commit any serious offense
- 43. Assisting, encouraging, promoting, or attempting to assist in the commission of a serious offense
- 44. Failing to report the commission of a serious offense by another student to a school official
- 45. Hazing
- 46. Making a false alarm or report of bombing, fire, or other emergency involving a public school, which includes the following offenses:
 - a. Pulling a fire alarm or discharging a fire extinguisher in a building owned or operated by Chico ISD, when there is no smoke, fire, or danger that requires evacuation
 - b. Calling 911 when no emergency exists
- 47. Making a terroristic threat involving a public school
- 48. Threatening death or injury to other student(s), school employee(s), or volunteer(s)
- 49. Retaliating against any school employee or volunteer
- 50. Repeatedly violating previously communicated campus or classroom standards of behavior
- 51. Violating DAEP rules while assigned to the DAEP
- 52. Engaging in any conduct punishable as a felony, which includes the offenses of:
 - a. causing an employee to be in contact with the blood, bodily fluids, saliva, urine, or feces of any person or animal with the intent to assault, harass, or alarm
 - b. placing graffiti on any tangible property owned by the district
 - c. distributing, selling, delivering, or attempting to distribute, sell or deliver any substance represented to be an illegal drug, a dangerous drug, or a controlled substance
 - d. online impersonation
- 53. Committing an assault of any kind

- 54. Selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using or being under the influence of marijuana or a controlled substance or a dangerous drug
- 55. Selling, giving, or delivering to another person an alcoholic beverage; committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol; or possessing, using, or being under the influence of alcohol
- 56. Engaging in conduct that would be an offense relating to an abusable volatile chemical
- 57. Engaging in conduct that would be public lewdness or indecent exposure
- 58. Engaging in conduct that would be disorderly conduct
- 59. Using, exhibiting, or possessing a firearm, except as permitted for participation or preparation for a school-sanctioned shooting sports educational activity sponsored by Texas Parks & Wildlife and that is not located on school property
- 60. Using, exhibiting, or possessing an illegal knife
- 61. Using, exhibiting, or possessing a club
- 62. Using, exhibiting, or possessing a prohibited weapon of any kind
- 63. Engaging in conduct that would be aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault
- 64. Engaging in conduct that would be arson
- 65. Engaging in conduct that would be murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder
- 66. Engaging in conduct that would be indecency with a child
- 67. Engaging in conduct that would be aggravated kidnapping
- 68. Engaging in conduct that would be aggravated robbery against another student
- 69. Engaging in conduct that would be manslaughter
- 70. Engaging in conduct that would be criminally negligent homicide
- 71. Engaging in conduct that would be deadly conduct
- 72. Engaging in conduct that would be continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children
- 73. Engaging in conduct that would be breach of computer security

Disciplinary Consequences _____

In assessing all discipline, the Campus Behavior Coordinator ("CBC") and other administrators will consider:

1. The seriousness of the offense.

- 2. The student's age.
- 3. The student's attitude.
- 4. The potential effect of the misconduct on the school environment.

In making a decision concerning suspension, removal to the DAEP, expulsion, or placement in a JJAEP, regardless of whether the decision concerns mandatory or discretionary disciplinary action, the CBC and other administrators shall also consider:

- 1. Whether the student was defending himself or herself.
- 2. The student's intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct.
- 3. The student's disciplinary history.
- 4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, but only as required by federal law and regulations related to discipline of students with disabilities.

As required by state law, a student who, after investigation, is found to be a victim of bullying shall not be subject to a disciplinary measure when the student uses reasonable self-defense in response to bullying.

The following discipline management techniques may be used, alone or in combination, for misbehavior that violates the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules:

- Oral correction
- Cooling-off time or "time-out" in a setting separate from other students
 that is not locked and from which the exit is not physically blocked by
 furniture, a closed door held shut from the outside, or another
 inanimate object
- Seating changes within the classroom
- Transfer to another class
- Counseling by teachers, counselors, or administrative personnel
- Parent-teacher or parent-administrator conferences
- Confiscation of items that disrupt the educational process. The principal or designee will determine the period of confiscation, generally not to exceed the end of the school year
- Confiscation of paging devices, cellular telephones, camera phones, and the like. The District will charge the student or parent an administrative fee of \$15 before releasing a confiscated device. The District may also dispose of a confiscated paging device, cellular phone, camera phone, or similar device in any reasonable manner after 30 days notice to the parent and company whose name and address or phone appear on the device.

- Grade reductions as permitted by policy
- Rewards or demerits
- Behavioral contracts
- Sending the student to the office or other assigned area
- Assigned school duties other than class tasks
- Withdrawal of privileges, such as participation in extracurricular activities, participation in graduation exercises, and eligibility for seeking and holding honorary offices, and/or membership in schoolsponsored clubs or organizations
- Consequences or penalties identified in individual student organizations' codes of conduct, bylaws, constitutions, or rules
- Withdrawal or restriction of bus privileges. A bus driver may send a student to the principal's office to maintain effective discipline on the bus, and the principal will assess discipline in accordance with the Code of Conduct.
- School-assessed and school-administered probation
- Citation or ticket from School Resource Officers or school security personnel for any offense other than a Class C misdemeanor committed on property under the control and jurisdiction of the District. Students may receive a citation for a traffic offense or public intoxication on property under the control and jurisdiction of the District. Students 17 or older are not subject to the limitations set out here. The absence of a citation, however, does not mean that the student will escape disciplinary consequences for those offenses.
- Referral to outside agency and/or legal authority for criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary measures imposed by the District. The principal may file a criminal complaint against a student for an offense that is a Class C misdemeanor committed on property under the control and jurisdiction of the District that contains a sworn statement from a person who has personal knowledge of the underlying facts giving rise to probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed, along with a statement from a school employee indicating whether the student is receiving special education services and what graduated sanctions, if the District has established any, were imposed before the complaint was filed.

The following disciplinary measures may be used, alone or in combination with each other or any of the above techniques, for misbehavior that violates the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules:

- Corporal Punishment
- In-school suspension

- Detention
- Suspension from school, not to exceed three school days at one time
- Formal removal from class by the teacher
- Removal to an disciplinary alternative education program
- Extension of disciplinary alternative education program removal term for additional offenses while in the alternative program
- Expulsion from school

What minimum procedures will be provided each student facing discipline other than detention? Each student will be told what infraction the CBC believes the student to have committed. Each student will then be given the opportunity to tell his or her side of the incident. The student's admission of the offense eliminates the need for further investigation or procedures, though the CBC may seek further information if desired.

How and when will we contact you about disciplinary action? Parents are responsible to provide to the campus administration each year the address and telephone number(s) at which parents can be reached and to update those numbers as necessary during the school year. School officials will use the information provided by the parent to contact parents about disciplinary matters. The CBC will notify you promptly when a student is placed in in-school suspension, suspended from school, removed to the DAEP, expelled, or taken into custody by a law enforcement officer. Notice will be provided by telephone or in person on the day of the action and by making a good-faith effort to provide written notice on that day. If the CBC cannot reach you by telephone or in person, written notice will be mailed that day or the following business day to the last address you have provided to us.

What consequences will occur when a student is an accomplice in an offense? Any student who assists, encourages, promotes, or attempts to assist in the commission of a serious offense will receive the same punishment as a student who actually engages in the conduct.

What are the expectations for student reporting of offenses? A student who has knowledge that another student or students have committed a serious offense is expected to report that information to a school official. If the administrator learns that a student failed to report the commission of a serious offense, the student will be subject to a lesser disciplinary consequence, either one step lower than that imposed for the serious offense of which the student had knowledge or a shorter term of discipline.

Physical Restraint_

In some circumstances, it may be necessary for a district employee to use force, but not deadly force, to physically restrain a student in order to lead, guide, and direct the student or to protect the student or any other person from physical injury, to obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object, to protect

property from serious damage, to remove a student who is refusing to comply with a legitimate directive from a school employee from a specific location in order to restore order, to restrain an irrational student, or to maintain order and discipline in the class or activity. Restraint under these circumstances or in accordance with laws and regulations related to the restraint of students with disabilities is not corporal punishment.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment has been approved by the Chico ISD Board of Trustees as an appropriate disciplinary consequence for Code of Conduct violations. All students are subject to the corporal punishment policy unless a parent has provided a written, signed statement to the campus principal indicating that corporal punishment must not be used with the parent's child or children. Parents must provide such a statement to the campus principal no later than the end of the first week of school or the first week after a student enrolls. The parent may revoke such a decision at any time by submitting a written, signed statement to that effect to the campus principal.

Are there any guidelines for administering corporal punishment? Corporal punishment is limited to spanking or paddling the student and will be administered only in accordance with the following guidelines:

- 1. The student shall be told the reason corporal punishment is being administered.
- 2. Corporal punishment shall be administered only by the principal, assistant principal, CBC, or a teacher after discussion with the Superintendent's designee.
- 3. The instrument to be used in administering corporal punishment shall be approved by the principal or a designee.
- 4. When corporal punishment is administered, it shall be done in the presence of one other District professional employee and shall take place in a designated place out of view of other students.

Coaches, physical education teachers, and classroom teachers supervising students during athletic training, competition, or physical education or supervising students outdoors during recess or lunch may use reasonable physical exercises or activities to encourage moderate or vigorous physical activity by students and as a measure to enforce class or team rules in their classes and activities. These exercises or activities are not considered to be "corporal punishment." No other employees may use exposure to the physical elements, e.g., standing outside in heat or cold, or physical exertion, e.g., running, sit-ups, etc., as a disciplinary measure.

In-School Suspension

For minor infractions of the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules, teachers or administrators may assign a student to one or more days of inschool suspension where students will complete assignments given them by their regular teachers. Both the length of the assignment and restrictions on participation in school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular activities during the suspension are left to the discretion of the CBC.

If we place your child in in-school suspension for an extended period of time, we will offer an opportunity for the student to complete the courses in which he or she was enrolled at the time of the placement before the beginning of the next school year. This opportunity may be by summer school, correspondence courses, distance learning, or other avenues. You will be responsible for the ordinary charges associated with the program.

Detention

For minor infractions of the Student Code of Conduct or campus or classroom rules, teachers or administrators may detain students after school hours or during lunch on one or more days. Parents will be notified before students are required to serve detention for purposes of arranging transportation for the student.

Suspension

When and for how long will a student be suspended? The CBC may suspend a student for a maximum of three school days at a time if the student violates the Code of Conduct by engaging in any prohibited conduct. Both the length of the suspension and restrictions on participation in school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular activities during the suspension are left to the discretion of the CBC.

How many times can a student be suspended? Neither state law nor this Code of Conduct impose a limit on the number of times a student may be suspended during a semester or school year.

Formal Removal from Class by Teacher___

What is the difference between being sent to the office and formal teacher removal? Students may be sent to the CBC's office for committing minor classroom infractions. However, a student who has been documented to repeatedly interfere with a teacher's ability to communicate effectively with the students in the class or with the ability of the students to learn, or who behaves in a manner the teacher determines is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with the teacher's ability to communicate effectively with the

students or with the ability of other students to learn will be formally removed from the teacher's classroom.

What is the process for formally removing a student from a teacher's classroom? Within three days of the removal, a conference will be held between the CBC, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher removing the student from class, and the student. Pending the conference, the CBC may place the student in another appropriate classroom, in-school suspension, or a disciplinary alternative education program. Following the conference, the CBC will order the placement of the student. The CBC will not return the student to the teacher's class without that teacher's consent, unless the Placement Review Committee determines that such placement is the best or only alternative.

Are there any special limitations associated with formal teacher removal? If a teacher removes a student from class because the student committed any kind of assault against the teacher, the student may not be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent.

Disciplinary Alternative Education Program <u>General DAEP Information</u>

What is a DAEP? The District provides for a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) in a cooperative with Bridgeport ISD for students who have violated this code of conduct or committed serious offenses. The DAEP:

- 1. is in a setting other than the student's regular classroom;
- 2. is located off a regular school campus;
- 3. separates students in the DAEP from students in the regular program or in another disciplinary setting in the same building as the DAEP;
- 4. separates elementary school students assigned to DAEP from secondary school students assigned to DAEP;
- 5. focuses on English language arts, mathematics, science, history, and self-discipline;
- 6. provides for students' educational and behavioral needs;
- 7. provides supervision and counseling;
- 8. employs only teachers who are fully certified; and
- 9. provides at least a 7-hour school day, including lunch and other breaks, but not longer than 10 hours each day.

No student who has engaged in behavior warranting a DAEP assignment will be placed in an unsupervised setting, other than an out-of-school suspension pending the DAEP conference.

Where is the DAEP? Will it operate during the school day? Is transportation provided? Chico ISD's disciplinary alternative education program is located at the Bridgeport Alternative Learning Center, 1101 17th Street, Bridgeport, Texas, and operates between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. District transportation is not provided, and parents are responsible for making sure students attend while assigned. Failure to attend the DAEP is a violation of compulsory attendance laws. Parents may be prosecuted if their child fails to attend while assigned; students may be referred to Truancy Court for failure to attend while assigned.

What courses are taught at the DAEP? Instruction in the DAEP will focus on English language arts, mathematics, science, history, and self-discipline. The District is not required to provide electives, foreign languages, or honors or advanced courses of any kind at the DAEP.

The District will provide an opportunity for students who have been placed in the DAEP to complete a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal before the beginning of the next school year, if the term of the student's placement is such that the student is not able to continue enrollment in all his or her courses. The opportunity to complete coursework will be provided through any method available, which may include summer school, Computer based instruction/PLATO, distance learning, or correspondence courses. The District will not assess any charge for the student to complete a course under this provision.

TERM OF PLACEMENT: Students are assigned to DAEP with a written removal order stating a specific term of placement that is the number of successful school days that must be served. Students will be credited with a "successful day" of DAEP assignment if the student is present, completes all assigned work, follows all rules of the DAEP, and engages in no additional violations of the Student Code of Conduct. The length of all DAEP assignments is at the discretion of the **CBC**, within the guidelines stated below.

What are the guidelines for the term of DAEP placement? A removal to DAEP may be for as brief a time as (1) school days up to one full year from the date of the order. The CBC issuing the removal order will use his or her best professional judgment, taking into account the factors considered in all disciplinary actions, in setting the term of a DAEP placement.

Ordinarily a DAEP assignment will not extend beyond the end of a school year. However, if the CBC making the placement determines: 1) that the student's presence in the regular classroom or at the student's regular campus poses a danger of physical harm to the student or another individual; or 2) the student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior that violates the District's Student Code of Conduct, then the assignment may be continued to the next school year. Discipline for serious offenses occurring during the last grading period of the school year will generally extend into the next school year.

The DAEP administrator may extend the original term of removal based on new violations that occur while the student is assigned to the DAEP, including violation of DAEP rules, by following the procedures for initial DAEP placement, i.e., a conference with student and parents.

Are some offenses subject to a different length of assignment? Yes. A student who has received punishment through the criminal or juvenile justice system for sexually assaulting another student, regardless of whether the conduct occurred on or off school property, and who cannot be assigned to a campus other than a campus where the victim of the assault is assigned may be assigned to the DAEP for so long as both students are enrolled in the district.

- **SCHOOL-RELATED ACTIVITIES:** Students assigned to a DAEP may not attend or participate in extracurricular activities during the term of their assignment.
- **STUDENTS YOUNGER THAN TEN:** Students younger than ten who commit an expellable offense will be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program for elementary age students.
- **STUDENTS YOUNGER THAN SIX:** Students younger than six will not be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program for any reason other than bringing a firearm to school.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWAL: Withdrawing a student from school does not affect the District's authority to schedule and conduct a conference on the conduct and enter an order of removal, regardless of whether the student or parent is present to participate. The order of removal will be included with the records sent to any transferring school, including another public school, a campus charter program, or an open-enrollment charter school, and that district or school has authority to honor the removal. Furthermore, even if we do not complete the removal process and issue a removal order, we will send disciplinary records to the next school, and that school has the authority to complete the removal process and issue a removal order.

Students who transfer out of this District to another public or private school, including students who withdraw from this District for the purpose of home schooling, and students who do not attend Chico ISD's disciplinary alternative education program for the duration of the placement for any reason (other than reasons that constitute an "excused absence" under District policy), will be required upon return to this District to complete the number of days missed in the disciplinary alternative education program before being allowed to return to the regular campus, unless their records indicate that the term of removal was served in another school district or charter school.

EFFECT OF TRANSFER INTO DISTRICT: If a student transfers into this District from another school district in which the student was placed in a disciplinary alternative education program, the District may continue the DAEP

placement under the terms of the order provided by the sending school district.

If a student transfers into this District from an open-enrollment charter school or from another state and the District receives a copy of the removal order in the records from the other school, the district may enforce the terms of that removal order, provided the grounds for removal to DAEP in the charter school or other state are grounds for removal in the District.

GRADUATING SENIORS IN THE DAEP: When a student is placed in the DAEP during the 12th grade, the District may allow that student to participate in graduation ceremonies, provided that all prerequisites for graduation are met and provided that the student has successfully completed all of the days that the student was placed in the DAEP. If the student in question has unexcused absences or has not completed his or her days in the DAEP for any other reason, such as withdrawal or transfer to another school district, the student will not be allowed to participate in graduation ceremonies. Furthermore, senior students initially assigned to the DAEP during the final grading period of the school year generally will not be permitted to participate in graduation ceremonies or activities. Any decision concerning participation in graduation ceremonies will be made by the student's home campus principal, whose decision is final.

Conduct That Warrants DAEP Placement

DEFINITIONS: Definitions of offenses and other key terms are found in the Definition section of the Code, which are available upon request to the campus principal or the superintendent.

SCHOOL-RELATED CONDUCT: The **CBC** or other appropriate administrator will place a student in DAEP if the student:

- makes a false report of bombing, fire, or other emergency involving a
 public school, regardless of when the false report is made or the place
 from which the false report is made, or
- makes a terroristic threat involving a public school, regardless of when the threat is made or the place from which the threat is made.

The CBC or other appropriate administrator will place a student in DAEP if the student commits any of the following offenses on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- Conduct punishable as a felony
- Assault resulting in bodily injury
- Offenses relating to marijuana, controlled substances, and dangerous drugs

- Offenses relating to alcohol
- Offenses relating to abusable volatile chemicals
- Indecent exposure
- Public lewdness
- Retaliation against a school employee, regardless of where the conduct takes place
- Serious or persistent misbehavior, subject to administrative discretion as described in the following section

A student who is charged with an offense warranting expulsion will be suspended for three days and then placed in the DAEP pending the expulsion hearing.

What is "serious offense" or "persistent misbehavior?" "Serious offense" includes the following offenses, which will always result in DAEP placement:

- Conduct punishable as a felony, which includes without limitation:
 - distribution of any substance represented to be an illegal drug, a dangerous drug, or a controlled substance
 - placing graffiti on any tangible property owned by the district
 - harassment of a public servant, i.e., causing an employee to be in contact with the blood, bodily fluids, saliva, urine, or feces of any person or animal with the intent to assault, harass, or alarm
 - online impersonation
- Assault resulting in bodily injury
- Making a false report of bombing, fire, or other emergency involving a public school, which includes the following offenses:
 - pulling a fire alarm or discharging a fire extinguisher in a building owned or operated by the district when there is no smoke, fire, or danger that requires evacuation
 - calling 9-1-1 when no emergency exists
- Terroristic threat involving a public school
- Offenses relating to marijuana, controlled substances and dangerous drugs
- Offenses relating to alcohol
- Offenses relating to abusable glue, volatile chemicals and aerosol paint
- Indecent exposure
- Public lewdness
- Retaliation against a school employee, regardless of where the conduct takes place

Serious misconduct also includes any violation of the list of PROHIBITED CONDUCT in this Code of Conduct. The CBC will exercise discretion in making assignments for violations other than those listed above and will consider all the facts and circumstances in determining appropriate disciplinary action.

"Persistent misbehavior" consists of two or more separate violations of the Student Code of Conduct in general or repeated violations of the same offense.

CONDUCT UNRELATED TO SCHOOL - TITLE 5 OFFENSES/AGGRAVATED ROBBERY: A student will be removed from class and placed in a disciplinary alternative education program based on off-campus criminal conduct punishable as a felony under Title 5, Texas Penal Code, or aggravated robbery. See the chart on page ____ in the Definitions for a list of these offenses. However, if more than a year passes from the date of the off-campus criminal offense to the time that the CBC learns of the offense, the CBC is not required to place the student in the DAEP.

CONDUCT UNRELATED TO SCHOOL - NON-TITLE 5 OFFENSES: A student will be removed from class and placed in a disciplinary alternative education program for off-campus criminal conduct punishable as a felony, other than offenses defined by Title 5, Texas Penal Code, or aggravated robbery, if the CBC determines that the student's continued presence in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process. However, if more than a year passes from the date of the off-campus criminal offense to the time that the CBC learns of the offense, the CBC is not required to place the student in the DAEP.

RELATIONSHIP OF CRIMINAL OR JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM AND THE SCHOOL DISTRICT: The school district may place a student in the DAEP regardless of any action or lack of action taken by the criminal or juvenile justice system. However, in some circumstances, the district may re-assess the punishment based on information from law enforcement authorities.

When will the school contact law enforcement about a student's conduct? The principal or CBC is required to notify the sheriff's department or the city police department if he or she has reasonable grounds to believe that a student or anyone else has engaged in certain criminal conduct on school property or at a school activity. Those activities include any conduct that would be an offense listed in Government Code § 508.149 (see Definitions); deadly conduct; a terroristic threat; drug, paraphernalia, or marijuana offenses; possession of a prohibited weapon; organized criminal activity; criminal conduct that would support mandatory expulsion. The District may contact law enforcement officials at any time the principal or CBC determines that their presence will assist the District.

Does a student have to be arrested or convicted of a felony offense before the District can place the student in an DAEP? No. A student

may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the CBC determines that the student committed an offense requiring DAEP assignment while he or she was under the school's jurisdiction. The district will send the required information about the removal to the juvenile authorities.

When the assignment is necessary because of CONDUCT UNRELATED TO SCHOOL, the removal is based on the CBC's reasonable belief that the student has committed a felony offense. If the out-of-school offense is a non-Title 5 felony, before the student is placed in the DAEP, the CBC must also determine that the continued presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.

In determining whether there is a reasonable belief that a student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense in the Penal Code, the CBC will consider all information available, including information furnished by law enforcement.

What options does the school have if the student is found guilty of a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery? The CBC must place the student in DAEP if the conviction, deferred prosecution, or determination of delinquency occurs during the school year while the student is enrolled in a district school and the student is not otherwise confined under the authority of the criminal or juvenile justice system. The CBC also has the authority to expel the student to the DAEP or a JJAEP in which the district participates. See Permissive Expulsion to JJAEP or DAEP of Students with Criminal Histories in the Expulsion portion of the Code for more complete information.

What happens if the courts say the student did not commit the offense or the student is not prosecuted for other reasons? If, after the placement, the superintendent receives notice from an appropriate law enforcement agency that the student was found not guilty of the felony offense and the case was dismissed with prejudice, or that the student was not prosecuted and no formal proceedings, deferred adjudication, or deferred prosecution was initiated, the superintendent will review the student's placement in the DAEP. The student will remain in the DAEP pending the review, which will take place within three class days of the superintendent's receiving the notice. The parents or guardian will be provided an opportunity for input. However, if after the review the superintendent believes that the presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers, the superintendent may continue the student's placement in the DAEP.

This review is not necessary if the reason for the removal is an offense that must result in DAEP placement because (1) it is a false report or terroristic threat or (2) the conduct occurred on or within 300 feet of school property or at any school-related activity or event, regardless of time or place. The student will ordinarily remain in the DAEP until the term of removal has been completed,

regardless of additional information from an appropriate law enforcement agency.

If the student is not being prosecuted for the out-of-school offense, but the school wants to continue the DAEP placement, what rights of appeal does the student have? The student or the parent or guardian may appeal the decision of the superintendent to continue the student's placement in the DAEP to the Chico ISD Board of Trustees. The appeal will be heard at the next regularly scheduled board meeting, where the board will review the notice letter from law enforcement and receive information from the superintendent and the student or the student's parent or guardian. The decision of the Board of Trustees is appealable to the Commissioner of Education. The student remains in the DAEP pending all appeals.

OTHER COURT-ORDERED PLACEMENT IN DAEP: When the district receives a copy of an order from a justice or municipal court indicating that a student must attend the DAEP as a condition of a term of probation under Code of Criminal Procedure 45.051, the CBC will hold a conference as described in Procedures for Removal to an DAEP and determine whether the student should be assigned to the DAEP or should remain in the regular school setting. The CBC will consider the nature of the misdemeanor offense resulting in the order in making this determination.

PLACEMENT OF STUDENTS WHO ARE REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS: A student who is currently required to register as a sex offender may be removed from the regular classroom and placed in another setting according to the requirements of state law.

A student who is a registered sex offender under any form of court supervision must be placed in the DAEP or a JJAEP in which the District participates, in accordance with the District's agreement with the juvenile board or in accordance with a court order, for at least one semester. If a student who is a registered sex offender under court supervision moves or transfers into the District, the District may require the student to complete an additional semester in the appropriate alternative setting without conducting a review or it may count any time the student has been in an alternative setting toward the mandatory one semester assignment.

A student who is a registered sex offender and who is not under any form of court supervision may be placed in the DAEP or a JJAEP in which the District participates, in accordance with the District's agreement with the juvenile board or in accordance with a court order, for at least one semester or in the regular classroom. However, the District may not place a student in the regular classroom if District officials determine that the student's presence in the regular classroom (1) threatens the safety of other students or teachers, (2) will be detrimental to the educational process, or (3) is not in the best interest of the District's students.

At the end of the first semester of placement in an appropriate alternative setting, the District shall convene a committee to review the student's placement. The committee will be composed of a teacher from the student's home campus, the student's parole, probation, or juvenile probation officer, an instructor from the alternative setting, the principal of the home campus or CBC, and a District counselor. The committee by majority vote will determine a recommendation to be made to the superintendent or designee regarding whether the student should continue placement in the alternative setting or be returned to the regular campus.

The superintendent or designee shall follow the committee's recommendation on placement unless the superintendent or designee determines that the student's presence in the regular classroom (1) threatens the safety of other teachers and students, (2) will be detrimental to the educational process, or (3) is not in the best interest of the District's students. If the superintendent or designee determines that the student should remain in the alternative setting, then before the beginning of the next school year, and any additional school years, the District must convene the committee to review and determine the student's placement, using the same standards set out in this paragraph.

A student who is a registered sex offender not under court supervision who moves or transfers into the District will be placed in the regular classroom or an appropriate alternative setting using the committee recommendation and review process described above.

The student or parent may appeal the District's decision regarding placement by asking for a conference among the superintendent or designee, the parent, and the student. The conference is limited to the factual question of whether the student is or is not a registered sex offender. If the District determines that the student is a registered sex offender, then student will be placed as described above, and that decision is final and cannot be appealed.

An ARD committee will make decisions about placement of a student with disabilities who is a registered sex offender.

Procedures for Removal to DAEP

Will the student have a chance to dispute the allegations? Before a student is placed in a disciplinary alternative education program, the principal or other administrator will tell the student briefly why he or she is being removed to that program and explain that the student will have an opportunity to give his or her version of events at a conference to be scheduled and held within three class days. In most circumstances, the student will be suspended pending the placement conference.

Will parents have an opportunity to provide input? Within three class days after the date the student is charged with the offense, the CBC will contact the parent by telephone or in writing to schedule and hold a conference with the student, the teacher who removed the student from class (if any), and the parents and will make efforts to ensure that all invited parties can attend.

What if the parent cannot attend the conference? The District may proceed with the conference without the parents or student present, so long as the parents and student have been notified of the conference. Whether or not the parents attend the conference, the student will receive oral or written notice at the conference from the CBC of the reason(s) for the removal and the offense the student is charged with violating. The student will have an opportunity at that time to explain or respond to the reasons for removal. The student and parents will receive a written notice no later than two days after the conference memorializing the conference and stating the length of the removal to the DAEP, if applicable, and any conditions or other requirements related to the DAEP assignment, i.e., a written removal order.

What information will be provided to the juvenile authorities? When a student is placed in the DAEP for a mandatory placement reason, a copy of the removal order, the child and parent's names and address, name and address of any witnesses, and a complete statement of the circumstances surrounding the conduct will be forwarded to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the student resides.

(DAEP Conference Checklist and DAEP Removal Order forms available)

Emergency Placement

The CBC or the superintendent may order a student immediately placed in a disciplinary alternative education program if his or her behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with school operations or activities. At the time the student is placed in DAEP under this emergency provision, the student will be told of the reason for the placement, which must be one of the District's reasons for DAEP placement under this Code.

Appeal of DAEP Placement

The student remains in the DAEP during all appeals.

A decision by the CBC to place a student in the DAEP may be appealed to the Superintendent or designee. The appeal must be in writing and filed with the Superintendent or designee within five days of the date of the DAEP removal order. The appeal must state all bases for the appeal and what remedy the student or parent is seeking. The Superintendent or designee will review the written appeal and the record of the removal prepared at the campus level. At his or her discretion, the Superintendent or designee may schedule a conference with the student or parent. If a conference is scheduled, it will be held within five days, after which a written decision will be issued within seven days. If a conference is not scheduled, a written decision will be issued within seven days after receipt of the appeal.

The Superintendent or designee's decision may be appealed to the Board of Trustees by filing a written appeal with the Superintendent within three days after receipt of the decision. The written appeal must state all the bases for appeal and the remedy the student or parent is seeking. At a Board meeting after

the appeal is received and for which proper notice can be posted, the Board will review the complete record of the disciplinary action, including all written appeals. The Board may choose to take no action after reviewing the record and appeal, which has the effect of sustaining the last administrative decision. The Board may also choose to schedule an appeal at a future meeting at which the parents and administration may make an oral presentation. The Board's decision in either case is final and may not be appealed.

Academic Assessment and 120-Day Review of DAEP Status

How will the District assess a student's academic growth in DAEP? If a student will be assigned to DAEP for a term of 90 school days or more, the District will administer a test approved by the commissioner of education to the student initially on placement and again on the day the student leaves the DAEP, or as near that date as possible.

What does a review consist of? Who attends? Both the discipline and the academic status of students assigned to the DAEP will be reviewed at the end of every grading period, but in any event, at least every 120 calendar days. At the review, the parents may make arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom. If the student is in high school and is to remain in the DAEP, the administration, together with the parents, will establish a plan designed to assist the student's progress toward meeting high school graduation requirements. The District is not required to provide all a student's courses necessary for graduation while the student is assigned to the DAEP, but must offer an opportunity for the student to complete courses before the beginning of the next school year without charge to the student.

Expulsion

STUDENTS YOUNGER THAN TEN: Students younger than ten who commit expellable offenses will be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program.

STUDENTS YOUNGER THAN SIX: Students younger than six will not be expelled or placed in an disciplinary alternative education program for any reason other than bringing a firearm to school.

Conduct that Warrants Expulsion

MANDATORY EXPULSION: A student will be expelled if the student, on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- 1. Intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his person a handgun, illegal knife, or club or intentionally or knowingly possesses a prohibited weapon, unless pursuant to written regulations or written authorization of the District;
- 2. Commits aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, arson, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder, indecency with a child, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated robbery, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide, or continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children;
- 3. Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of marijuana or a dangerous drug, if the conduct is punishable as a felony.
- 4. Sells, possesses, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage, or commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol, or uses or is under the influence of an alcoholic beverage, if the conduct is punishable as a felony.

A student will also be expelled if he or she commits any offense listed in items 1-4 above against a District employee or volunteer in retaliation for or as a result of the person's employment or other work in the District, without regard to where the conduct occurs.

Definitions of the above offenses can be found in the Definitions section of the Code of Conduct.

Please note that a student **will not** be expelled **solely** because of a firearm offense when the use, possession, or exhibition of the firearm occurs at an approved target range facility that is not located on school property while the student is participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Texas Parks & Wildlife Department or a shooting sports organization working with TPWD. Furthermore, the exception stated in this paragraph does not by itself authorize a student to bring a firearm on school property.

PERMISSIVE EXPULSION FOR CONDUCT ON OR IN PROXIMITY TO SCHOOL: A student may be expelled, in the discretion of the superintendent or CBC in view of all the facts and circumstances, for any of the following offenses when they occur on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line:

- 1. Drug, alcohol, or abusable volatile chemical offenses, regardless of the amount.
- 2. Assault resulting in bodily injury against a school employee or volunteer.
- 3. Deadly conduct.
- 4. Making a false alarm or report of bombing, fire, or other emergency involving a public school.
- 5. Making a terroristic threat involving a public school.
- 6. Committing any offense stated in item 1 and 2 under MANDATORY EXPULSION.
- 7. Engaging in documented serious misbehavior while assigned to the DAEP and on the campus where the DAEP is located despite documented behavioral interventions. For purposes of this provision, "serious misbehavior" is limited to deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health and safety of others; extortion; coercion; or conduct that constitutes the offenses of public lewdness, indecent exposure, criminal mischief, personal hazing, or harassment under Penal Code 42.07 (a)(1) of a student or employee;
- 8. Engaging in a breach of computer security if the conduct involves accessing a District-owned or –operated computer, computer network, or computer system and the student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes District property or information or commits a breach of any other computer, computer network, or computer system.

PERMISSIVE EXPULSION FOR CONDUCT OUTSIDE OF SCHOOL: A student may be expelled, in the discretion of the CBC or superintendent in view of all the facts and circumstances, for any of the following offenses, regardless where they occur:

- 1. Intentionally or knowingly damaging personal property, including real estate and tangible personal property belonging to any public school or institution of higher education, and the amount of loss is greater than \$1,500.
- 2. Intentionally or knowingly damaging the property of any other person without the person's consent, and the amount of loss is greater than \$1,500.
- 3. Making a false report or alarm or a terroristic threat involving a public school.
- 4. Assaulting an employee or volunteer in retaliation for or because of the person's relationship with the school and the assault results in bodily injury.
- 5. Committing aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to commit capital murder, or aggravated robbery against another student.

6. Committing any offense listed at item 1-4 under MANDATORY EXPULSION on the school property of another Texas school district or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity of another Texas school district.

PERMISSIVE EXPULSION TO JJAEP OR DAEP FOR STUDENTS WITH CRIMINAL HISTORIES: Unless a student would be subject to mandatory expulsion, a student may be expelled and placed in a JJAEP in which the District participates or the DAEP if the student has any criminal history described as follows:

- 1. Received deferred adjudication under the Family Code for a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery;
- 2. Been found to have engaged in delinquent conduct under the Family Code for a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery;
- 3. Is charged with engaging in a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery;
- 4. Has been referred to a juvenile court for allegedly engaging in a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery;
- 5. Has received probation or deferred adjudication for a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery;
- 6. Has been convicted of a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery; or
- 7. Has been arrested for or charged with a Title 5 felony offense or aggravated robbery.

A student will be expelled and placed as indicated if the board or its designee determines, after the student has an opportunity for a hearing, that the student has a criminal history as described above and that the student's presence in the regular classroom (1) threatens the safety of other students or teachers, (2) will be detrimental to the educational process, or (3) is not in the best interests of the District's students. At the hearing, the issues shall be limited to the determination whether or not the student has a criminal history, as described, and the District's determination as indicated.

The decision of the board or its designee is final and may not be appealed.

The student may be expelled and placed in a JJAEP in which the District participates or the DAEP regardless of the date on which the conduct occurred, the location at which the conduct occurred, whether the student was enrolled in the District at the time the conduct occurred, or whether the student has completed any court disposition requirements associated with the conduct.

A student expelled and placed under these circumstances is subject to that placement until one of the following occurs:

1. The student graduates from high school;

- 2. The charges described above are dismissed or reduced to a misdemeanor offense; or
- 3. The student completes the term of the placement or is assigned to another program.

The term of placement continues to apply if the student transfers to another Texas school district.

The student will receive the periodic assessment and review during the expulsion and JJAEP or DAEP placement as described above for students assigned to the DAEP.

Procedures for Expulsion

(Sample Notice of Expulsion Hearing, Expulsion Hearing Guide, Presentation at a Student Expulsion Hearing, Sample Expulsion Order, and Expulsion Hearing Checklist forms available)

Before a student is expelled, the student will have an opportunity for a due process hearing that will include the following:

- 1. At least three days prior written notice of the charges and the proposed sanctions so as to afford a reasonable opportunity for preparation, including a written invitation to the student's parent or guardian to attend the expulsion hearing. The notice will also include the date, time, and location of the hearing and the names of adult witnesses who will present evidence at the hearing;
- 2. Right to a hearing before the Superintendent or a designee;
- 3. Opportunity to testify and to present evidence and witnesses in his or her defense; and
- 4. Opportunity to examine the evidence presented by the school administration and to question the administration's witnesses.

REPRESENTATIVE: At the hearing, the student is entitled to an adult representative or legal counsel who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the District. The District may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student, the student's parent or guardian, or another adult representing the student attends, provided the District makes a good-faith effort to inform the student and the student's parent or guardian of the time and place of the hearing.

EVIDENCE: In an expulsion hearing, the District may rely on the testimony of school administrators who investigate disciplinary infractions. This means that the school administration may present evidence or statements taken from students without revealing the identity of the student. The decision will be based exclusively on the evidence presented at the hearing. The student may be expelled based on the Superintendent or designee's reasonable belief that the evidence shows it is more likely than not that the student engaged in the conduct with which he or she was charged.

EXPULSION ORDER: The administration will deliver a copy of the order expelling the student to the student's parent or guardian, who is responsible for providing adequate supervision for the student during the period of expulsion.

In addition to notifying the parents, and not later than the second business day after the date an expulsion hearing is held, the administration will deliver a copy of the expulsion order to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the student resides. The administration will also provide the child's and parent's names and address, names and addresses of any witnesses, and a complete statement of the circumstances surrounding the conduct to the juvenile board, as required by Family Code § 52.041.

GUIDELINES FOR TERM OF EXPULSION: An expulsion may be for as brief a time as one school day up to one full year from the date of the order. The administrator issuing the expulsion order will use his or her best professional judgment, taking into account the factors considered in all disciplinary actions, in setting a term of expulsion.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWAL: Withdrawal from school does not affect the District's authority to schedule and conduct a hearing on the conduct and enter an order of expulsion, regardless of whether the student or parent is present to participate. The order of expulsion will be included with the records transferred to the new school district, including another public school, a campus charter program, or an open-enrollment charter school, and that district will be empowered to exercise its authority to honor the expulsion. Furthermore, even if we do not complete the expulsion process and issue an expulsion order, we will send disciplinary records to the next school, and that school has the authority to complete the expulsion process and issue an expulsion order.

Students who transfer out of this District to another public or private school, including students who withdraw from this district for the purpose of home schooling, will be required upon return to the District, to complete the term of expulsion before being allowed to return to the regular campus, unless the student's records indicate the student served the days of expulsion in another district.

EFFECT OF TRANSFER INTO DISTRICT: If a student transfers into this District from another school district in which the student was expelled, Chico ISD may continue the expulsion under the terms of the order provided by the sending school district.

If a student transfers into this District from an open-enrollment charter school or from another state and the District receives a copy of the expulsion order in the records from the other school, the District may enforce the terms of that expulsion order, provided the grounds for expulsion in the open-enrollment charter school or other state are grounds for expulsion in the District.

If a student transfers into this District from another school district in which the student was placed in the juvenile justice alternative education program, this District shall continue the term of expulsion under the previous school's order.

EFFECT ON CREDITS: Expelled students will not receive credit for courses not completed because of an expulsion. Students may use correspondence courses or credit by examination, within the limits set by District policy, to earn graduation units. Students are responsible for all costs associated with correspondence courses or credit by examination.

GRADUATING SENIORS AND EXPULSION: When a student is expelled during the 12th grade, the District may allow that student to participate in graduation ceremonies, provided that all prerequisites for graduation are met. However, a senior student initially expelled during the final grading period of the school year generally shall not be permitted to participate in graduation ceremonies. Any decision concerning participation in graduation ceremonies will be made by the student's home campus principal, whose decision is final.

Appeal of Expulsion to Board of Trustees

A student is expelled during all appeals.

A decision by the superintendent or designee to expel a student may be appealed to the Board by filing a written appeal within five days of the date of the expulsion order. The written appeal must state all the bases for appeal. At the next regular meeting after the appeal is received and for which proper notice can be given, the Board will review the complete record of the expulsion, including all written appeals. The Board may choose to take no action after reviewing the record and appeal, which has the effect of sustaining the expulsion. The Board may also choose to schedule an appeal at a future meeting at which the parents may make an oral presentation of the appeal. The Board's decision regarding an oral appeal is final and may not be appealed.

If the Board permits an oral presentation, the administration may also be asked to speak. No new evidence or information, including witnesses or documents, will be permitted or considered. The Board may set reasonable time limitations for presentations.

Emergency Expulsion

The CBC or the superintendent may order the immediate expulsion of a student if the administrator reasonably believes that the action is necessary to protect people or property from imminent harm. At the time of the emergency expulsion, the student will be given oral notice of the reasons for the action, which must be a reason for which the student could be expelled on a non-emergency basis. Formal due process will occur within a reasonable time thereafter.

Summer School

Our summer school program is not part of the regular school year program. Some students voluntarily attend summer school to earn additional credits, to retake courses they did not pass in the regular school year, or to complete courses necessary for graduation that were incomplete because of the student's expulsion or placement in DAEP. Other students are required to attend summer school in order to receive intensive instruction in those subjects or areas where the student was not successful on the state assessment instruments.

During summer school, all students are expected to abide by the rules of conduct that are in place during the school year. We will handle minor, isolated violations of conduct expectations through parent conferences; however, students who commit serious offenses or who have persistent behavior problems while enrolled in summer school will be withdrawn from the program after a parent conference for DAEP removal or expelled after an expulsion hearing if the conduct warrants expulsion. When a student is withdrawn from summer school for conduct that would warrant DAEP removal or expulsion, the summer campus administrator may withdraw the student and defer the assessment of the term of removal or expulsion to be served during the following school year.

Acknowledgen	nent		

Dear Student and Parent:

The Chico Independent School District Board of Trustees officially adopted the Student Code of Conduct in order to promote a safe and orderly learning environment for every student.

We urge you to read this publication thoroughly and to discuss it among your family. If you have any questions about the rules and consequences, we encourage you to ask for an explanation from the student's teacher, the school counselor, or campus administrator.

The student and parent should each sign this page on the space provided below, then return the page to the student's school. Thank you.

A		
X	 	

We acknowledge that we have received the Chico ISD Student Code of Conduct for the 2015-2016 school year, and that we are responsible for reading and understanding the rules and other information contained in the Student Code of Conduct.

Student's Name:			
	(Please print)		
Student's Signature:		Date:	
Parent's Name:	(Please print)		
Parent's Signature:		Date:	
School:		Grade Level:	

Please sign this page, remove it, and return it to the student's school. Thank you.